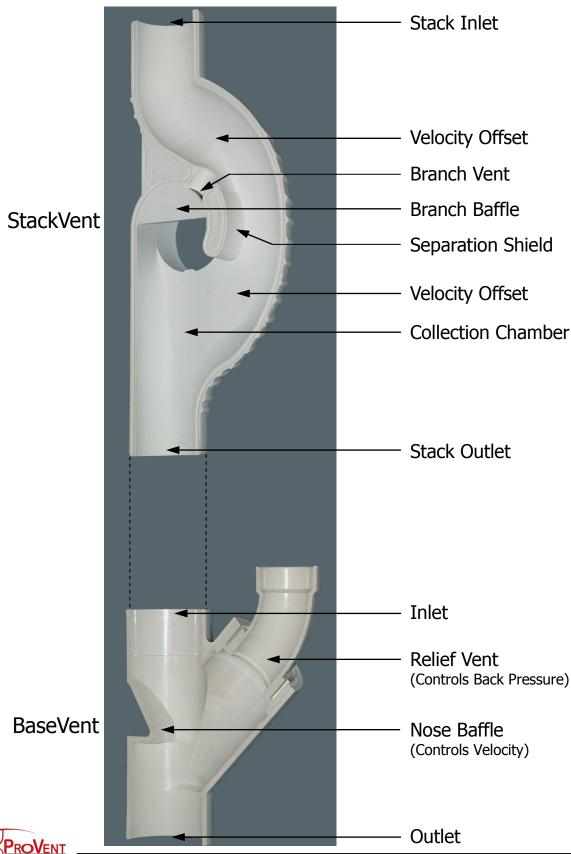


## **Guide to Contents**

Topics and Descriptions	Page
Interior views of the Stack and Base fittings.	3
Shows the baffles and offsets inside fittings that controls the velocity flows of waste water inside the fittings.	
Stack Vent Separations of water and air.	4
Shows what the interior waste water and air flows look like when operating at maximum fixture unit chart ratings.	
Comparing known single stack waste and vent systems.	5
Shows the difference between the single stack method using ProVent fittings with the allowable amount of fixture units compared with the limited fixture units of the IPC single stack method. Notice the big difference between the 4" and the 5" IPC chart.	
Conventional waste stack flow velocities.	6
Shows how waste water velocities build up inside conventional stacks without ProVent stack fittings.	
ProVent base fitting connecting horizontal drains.	7
Shows where fixture openings can be connected at the base of a stack using ProVent and the reasons it can be different from IPC connections.	
Interior look at the Base fitting and the Pressure Relief Vent.	8
Shows the hydraulic jump at the base of the stack and shows how the Base fitting lowers the jump and vents the horizontal line.	
Water flows in designed horizontal branch piping.	9
Shows the interior flow rates of both the ProVent and the conventional IPC method.	
Lavatory and Sink connections.	10
Shows the ProVent method of connecting this type of fixture without additional venting and the same type of allowance shown in the IPC code.	
Impact of ProVent System on Plumbing Design and Cost for Back-to-Back Bathrooms	11
Shows the difference between ProVent and conventional plumbing designs for a back-to-back bathroom layout	

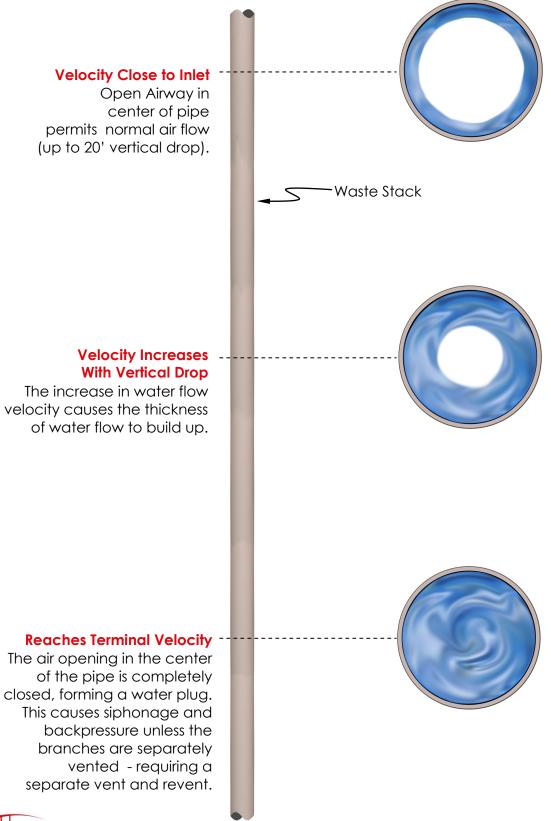


# Interior View of the ProVent Fittings Shows How Fittings Control Flow Velocity in the Stack

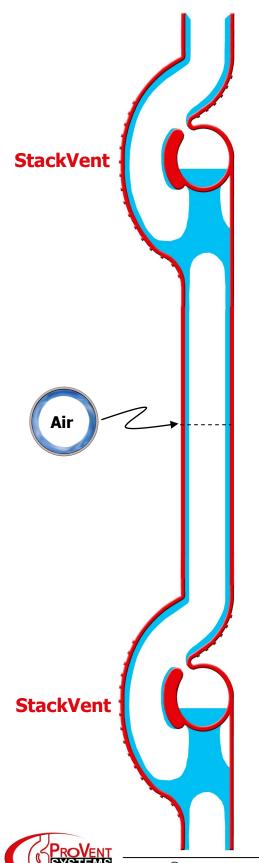




# Uncontrolled Flow Velocity in Conventional Waste Stacks



## Controlled Flow Velocity: ProVent StackVent



The maximum flow of the branch drainage never exceeds quarter-full flow conditions at the inlet.

The StackVent maintains the proper air mix.

The stack length never exceeds 20 feet in length without either a StackVent or a velocity breaker offset (See Drawing 1.4 in ProVent Guide). This rule is subject to compliance with the maximum loading by stack as outlined in Chart 3 of the ProVent Guide (shown below)

CHART 3: MAXIMUM LOADING BY STACK		
Stack Size	Fixture Units	
3"	64	
3" (over 7 stories)	102	
4"	504	
5"	1,010	
6"	2,200	

A StackVent is required at every floor when connecting branch piping is 2 1/2" or larger in diameter (See Drawing 1.4 in ProVent Guide)

#### **ProVent PVC StackVent Fitting**

A StackVent fitting creates a combination drain and vent for fixtures. The chart below shows the Maximum Loading on the Stack. This is Chart 3 from the ProVent Guide.

This type of system has been successfully used for over fifty years starting with Copper Sovent then Cast Iron Sovent and, now, PVC Plastic ProVent.

The comparison of the two charts, below, shows the dramatic increase in fixture loading for the ProVent System due to the controlled flow velocity.



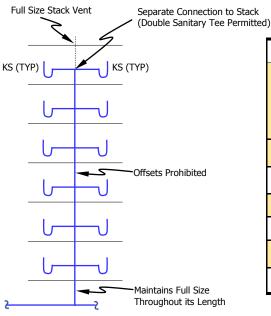
Controlling the flow velocities permits more fixture units to discharge into the combination waste and vent

#### **ProVent Chart**

CHART 3: MAXIMUM LOADING BY STACK		
Stack Size	Fixture Units	
3"	64	
3" (over 7 stories)	102	
4"	504	
5"	1,010	
6"	2,200	

#### The IPC "Waste StackVent"

The Waste StackVent is one of the terms used for classifying the stack as a combination drain and vent pipe system. This system has been identified by a variety of names including vertical vent, Philadelphia single stack and multiple floor stack venting and is included in the International Plumbing Code, Section 910.



#### **IPC Chart 912.3**

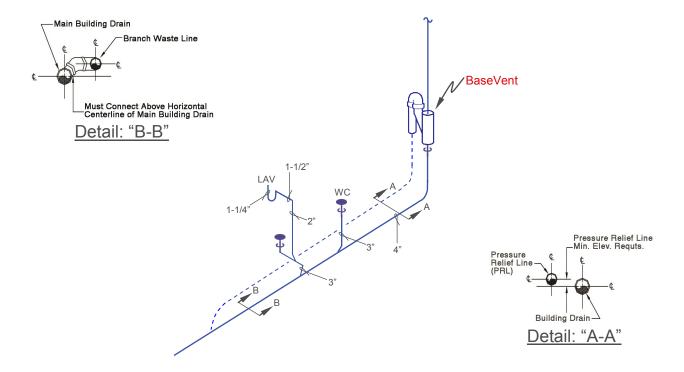
SIZE OF COMBINATION DRAIN AND VENT PIPE			
PIPE DIAMETER	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF DRAINAGE FIXTURE UNITS (dfu)		
	Connecting to a hori- zontal branch or stack	Connecting to a building drain or building subdrain	
2"	3	4	
2 1/2"	6	26	
3"	12	31	
4"	20	50	
5"	160	250	
6"	360	575	

Note the large difference in capacity between the 4" and 6" stacks



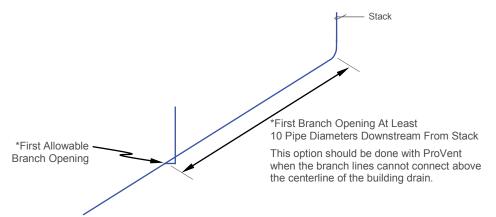
#### **ProVent PVC BaseVent Fitting**

Soil and waste branches can be connected into the building drain between the stack and the relief vent when the connections are made above the center line of the building drain. Pressure relief vent must be tied in a minimum of 10 pipe diameters behind the stack.



#### **IPC Connections Between the Stack and Fixture Openings**

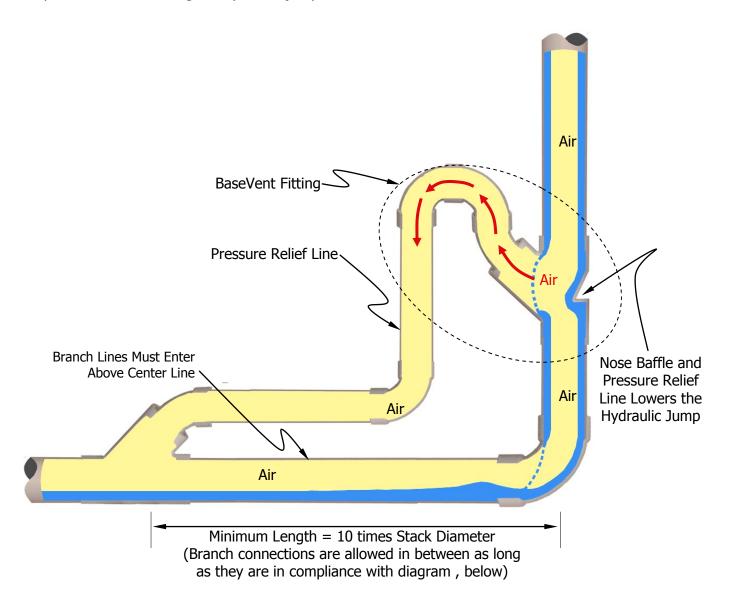
There cannot be any horizontal branch connections within 10 pipe diameters from the stack as is shown in the International Plumbing Code Section 704.3—because of the hydraulic jump. This rule would also apply to the ProVent system if the branches could not be connected above the center line of the building drain as shown in the Detail: "B-B", above.

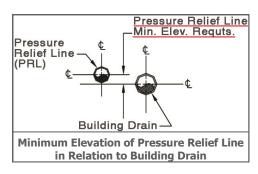


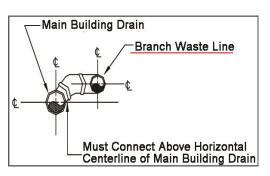


### **Controlling the Hydraulic Jump**

The ProVent BaseVent provides a safe transition from vertical to horizontal flow - equalizing pressures and lowering the hydraulic jump.





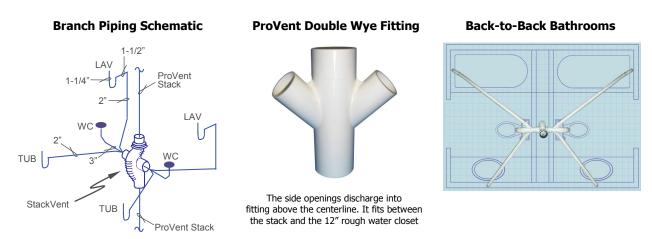




#### **ProVent Design Flows in Branch Piping**



The design flows are in accordance with ProVent Chart 2 and will not fill the branch piping to more than 25% of capacity. See typical layout below. The ProVent Branch Rules are similar to those allowed in the IPC Plumbing Code (see below)



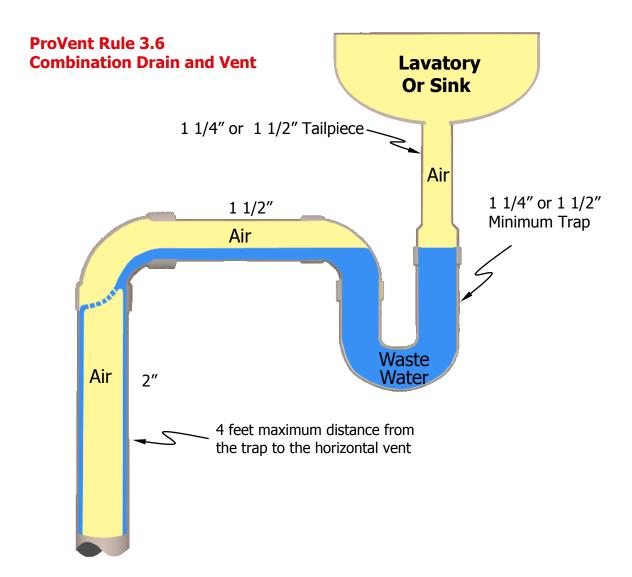
# IPC Plumbing Code, Section 911: Circuit Venting Circuit Vent

The principle behind circuit venting fixtures with a single vent is that the flow of drainage never exceeds half-full piping. Air for venting 7 (maximum) fixtures circulates in the top half of the pipe. The water flow in the branch is designed to prevent siphonage of any of the fixture branches (same as ProVent) in accordance with Section 911. The IPC actually allows more fixture branches than ProVent.



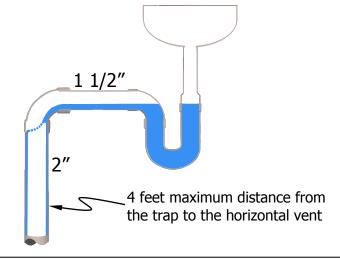
Branch is Classified as Vent

## **ProVent Lavatory or Sink Connections**



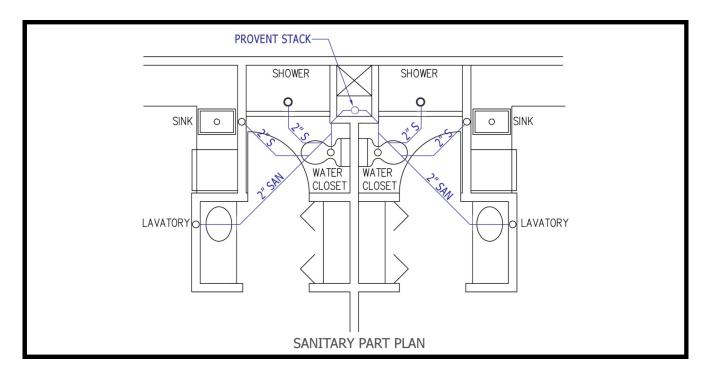
#### Section 912.2 IPC Code Combination Drain and Vent

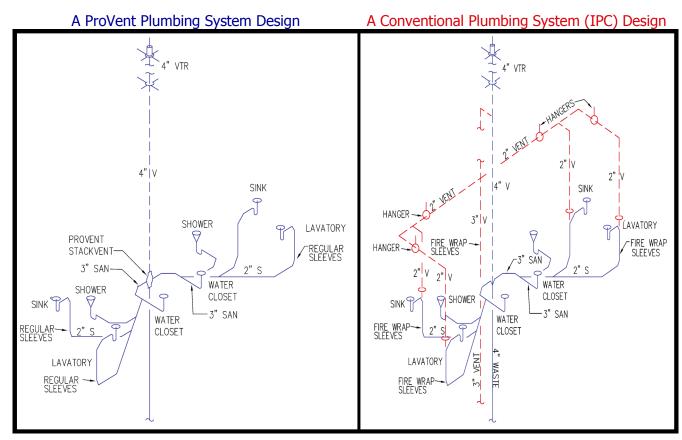
Island Sink drain with 1 1/2" trap and 2" oversized drain, vent and drop is allowed in Section 912.2

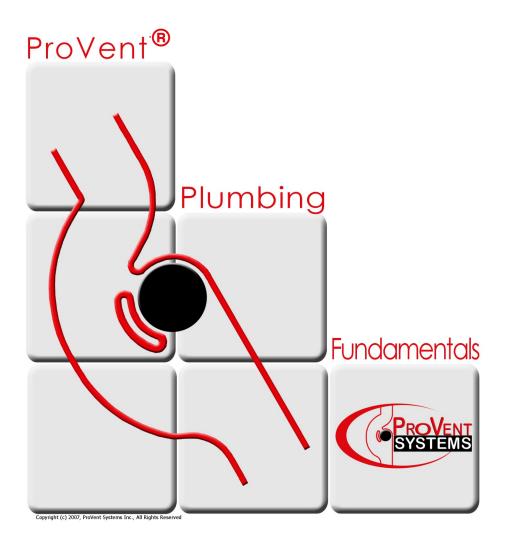




# Impact of the Provent System on Design and Cost for Back-to-Back Bathrooms







**Educational Literature**